(b) what is their annual production capacity and their actual production during the last three years with year-wise details thereof;

(c) whether it is a fact that these mini steel plants of Bihar are facing acute shortage of scrap and power to operate and finding it difficult to run them;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) what action Government propose to take to make available scrap and uninterrupted power supply at reasonable rates to make them economically viable?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) and (b) Out of 178 commissioned Electric Arc Furnace units in the country, the following six units are located in the State of Bihar:

(i) M/s. Kashi Ispat Pvt. Limited Bhagalpur.

(ii) M/s. Bihar Foundry and Castings Limited, Hazaribagh.

(iii) M/s. Tata Yodogawa Limited, Jamshedpur.

(iv) M/s. Usha Martin Industries Ltd., Adityapur.

(v) M/s. Tata Iron & Steel Company, Adityapur.

(vi) M/s. Bihar Alloy & Steels Ltd., Hazaribagh.

Two of these units, namely M/s. Tata Iron & Steel Company and M/s. Kashi Ispat Pvt. Limited, are lying closed since 1983 & 1989 respectively. The other four units are operational. Their annual capacity and actual production during the last three years are as follows:

S.o.	Name of the Unit	Licenced Capacity	Production (in M.T.)		
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93
1.	M/s. Bihar Foundry and Castings Ltd., HAZARIBAGH	18,00 0TPA	12,825	11,226	10,383
2.	M/s. Tata Yodogawa Ltd., JAMESHEDPUR..	30,000 TPA	12,327	14,054	12,120
3.	M/s. Usha Martin Ind. Ltd., ADITYAPUR	1,00 ,CC0 TPA	58.867	62,735	53,198
4.	M/s. Bihar Alloys & Steels Ltd., HAZARIBAGH	1,00,000 TPA	74,761	65,844	77,906

(c) to (e) The performance of mini steel plaots (electric are furnace units) in the coutry has been adversely affected due to various factors such as demand recession, shortage of power and increase in input costs especially due to rise in international scrap prices. The industry has represented for various reliefs and the proposals made are under the considration of Government.

Financial Status of IISCO

2228.. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) what is the annual loss and budgetary support for the IISCO plant during the last three years;

(b) what is its turnover during the last three years;

(c) what is the strength of workers and other staff and how it compares with other big steel plants of the country in relation to per capita production and turnover;

(d) what is the annual payment incurred on total staff salaries;

(e) whether Government have worked out a formula in consultation with the trade unions to rationalise labour force on their own by mutual understanding among themselves;

(f) if so, what is their response; and

(g) whether Government would work out guidelines on a long term basis for loss making steel plants to redeploy or properly disposed surplus labour force?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) The annual loss and Budgetary support provided to IISCO during the last 3 years is as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Annual loss	Budgetary Support
1992-93	5895.90	Nil
1991-92	2229.15	Nil
1990-91	13354.91	15000.00

(b) The turnover of IISCO during the last three years is as under:—

(Rs. in lakhs)

1992-93	81874.45
1991-92	70874.66
1990-91	48985.77

(c) The Burnpur Steel Works manpower was 19,569 as on 1.4.93 comprising 1,080 executives and 18,509 non-executives. In 1992-93, labour productivity for work personnel in IISCO was 30 ingot tonne/man year. The corresponding figures for other steel plants were 115 Bhilai Steel Plant, 34 Durgapur Steel Plant, 57 Rourkela Steel Plant, 106 Bokaro Steel Plant and 72 TISCO.

SAIL's accounts do not contain plant-wise turnover.

(d) The expenditure on Employees remuneration & benefits in IISCO during 1992-93 amounted to Rs. 20136.90 lakhs.

(e) No, Sir.

(f) Does not arise.

(g) Government and the steel plants have been taking necessary measures to reduce losses and to retrain and redeploy manpower in sick plants.

Cleaning of areas in Government Colonies in New Delhi

2229. SHRI BRAHMADEO ANAND PASWAN: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the authority responsible for cleaning the areas in Government colonies in New Delhi;

(b) the number of staff employed for this purpose, in each area; and

(c) how many times in a month the squares and thry by-lanes of Government Quarters, in Sarojini Nagar and R. K. Puram areas in New Delhi are being clearned?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) The concerned local bodies (NDMC or MCD) are responsible for cleaning the areas in Central Government colonies in Delhi wherever such colonies have been handed over to them. However, the maintenance of the lawns/ground and bajripaths within the Central Government colonies is the responsibility of the CPWD.

(b) The number of staff employed by C.P.W.D. for cleaning/sweeping the lawns/grounds and bajri paths are as follows:—